

## DEPENDENT EVENTS

When the outcome of one event impacts the outcome of another, it is a dependent event.

Read each situation below and determine if it is an independent or a dependent event.

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|----------|--|
| <u>I</u> | 1. Flipping two coins results in one landing on heads and one landing on tails.      |
| <u>D</u> | 2. The captain of the football team is selected and then the co-captain is selected. |
| <u>D</u> | 3. You draw a joker from a deck of cards, and then you draw an ace.                  |
| <u>I</u> | 4. You draw a queen from a deck of cards, replace it, and then draw a 10.            |
| <u>I</u> | 5. A coin is flipped and a number cube is rolled.                                    |

**INDEPENDENT PROBABILITY**

$$P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A) \times P(B)$$

**DEPENDENT PROBABILITY**

$$P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A) \cdot P(B, \text{ after } A)$$

Determine the probability of the events below.

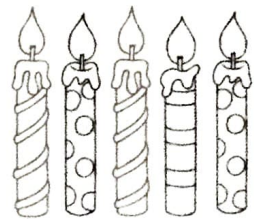
6. Neil goes to the pet shop and selects a treat for his dog. He chooses one, and then chooses another. What is the probability that Neil selects a bone and then a ball?   
 *the dog eats it,*

$$\frac{3}{7} \cdot \frac{2}{6} = \frac{6}{42} = \frac{1}{7}$$

bone                      ball

7. Mackenzie chooses one candle and *uses it and then* chooses another candle. What is the probability that Mackenzie selects a polka dot candle both times?

$$\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{10}$$



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Use the details about the game to answer the questions below.

In a board game, students draw a number, do not replace it, and then draw a second number. Determine the probability of each event occurring.

1	6	6	9	2	1	6	2
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1. Drawing an odd number, then drawing a 6

$$\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{3}{7} = \frac{9}{56}$$

2. Drawing a 2, then drawing another 2

$$\frac{2}{8} \times \frac{1}{7} = \frac{1}{28}$$

3. Drawing a number divisible by 3, then drawing a 1

$$\frac{4}{8} \times \frac{2}{7} = \frac{1}{7}$$

4. Drawing a 1, then drawing a 6

$$\frac{2}{8} \times \frac{3}{7} = \frac{3}{28}$$

5. Drawing a prime number, then drawing a composite number

$$\frac{2}{8} \times \frac{4}{7} = \frac{1}{7}$$

6. Drawing a 9, then drawing another 9

$$\frac{1}{8} \times \frac{0}{7} = 0$$

7. Drawing a 9, then drawing a number divisible by 1

$$\frac{1}{8} \times \frac{8}{7} = \frac{1}{7}$$

8. Drawing an even number, then drawing 1

$$\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{2}{7} = \frac{5}{28}$$

9. Drawing a 6, then drawing an odd number

$$\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{3}{7} = \frac{9}{56}$$

Choose the best answer below for question 10.

10. Harmony places the letters in the word DECEMBER into a bag. A letter will be randomly selected and not replaced. Then another letter will be selected. What is the probability of Harmony selecting a C and then an E?

A.  $\frac{4}{8}$       B.  $\frac{3}{56}$

C.  $\frac{6}{64}$       D.  $\frac{1}{8}$

8 letters

C

$$\frac{1}{8} \times \frac{3}{7} = \frac{3}{56}$$