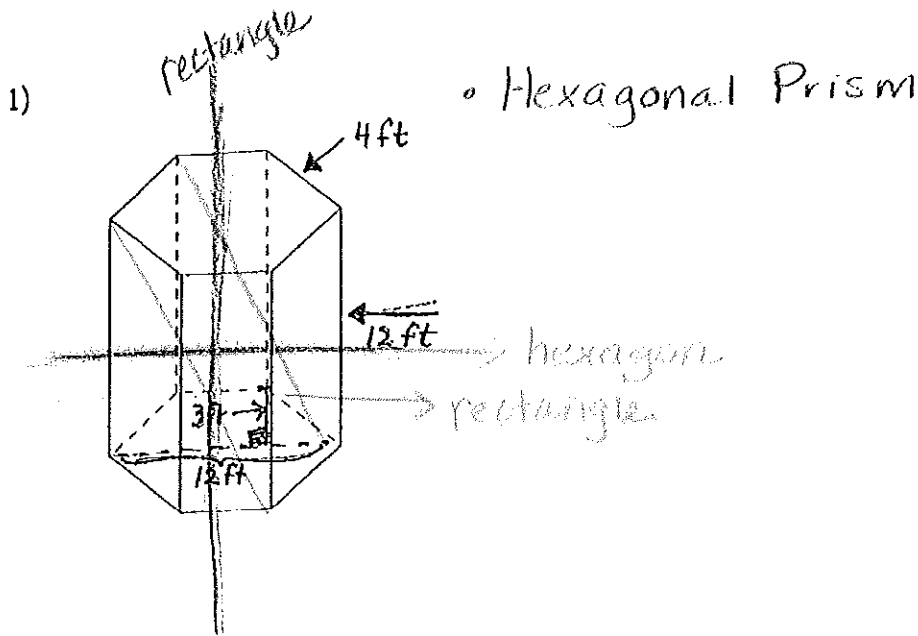


Name Answers

Cross Sections
Surface Area and Volume

For each of the solids below,

- Identify the solid by name.
- Sketch two cross sections. One cross section should be parallel to a base, and the other perpendicular to a base. Use different colors.
- Identify each of the cross sections with a name (regular pentagon, triangle, rectangle, circle, etc.)
- Then find the surface area and volume of #1 and #5.



SA = 2 Hexagons
6 Rectangles

Hex = 2

$\frac{1}{2} h(b_1 + b_2)$

$\frac{1}{2} (3)(4 + 12)$

1.5 (16)

24 ft²

4 of them = 96 ft²

Rect

$bh = (4)(12)$
= 48

6 of them

$48 \times 6 = \underline{288 \text{ ft}^2}$

Add:

$288 + 96 = \boxed{384 \text{ ft}^2}$

$V = \text{area of base} \times h$

Area of

base = 2

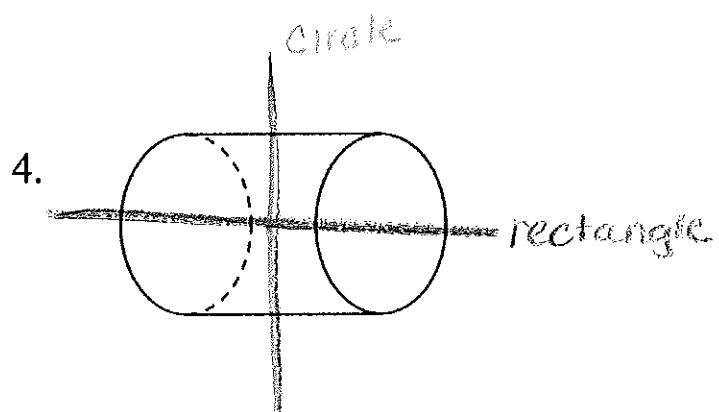
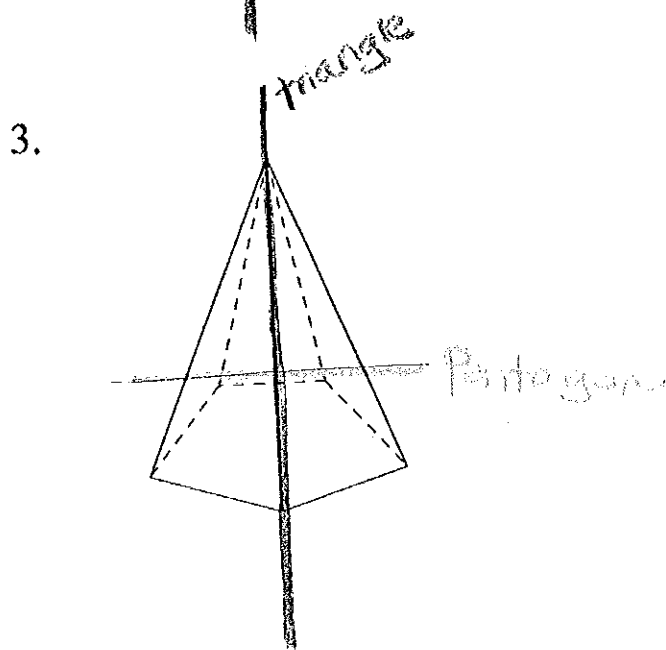
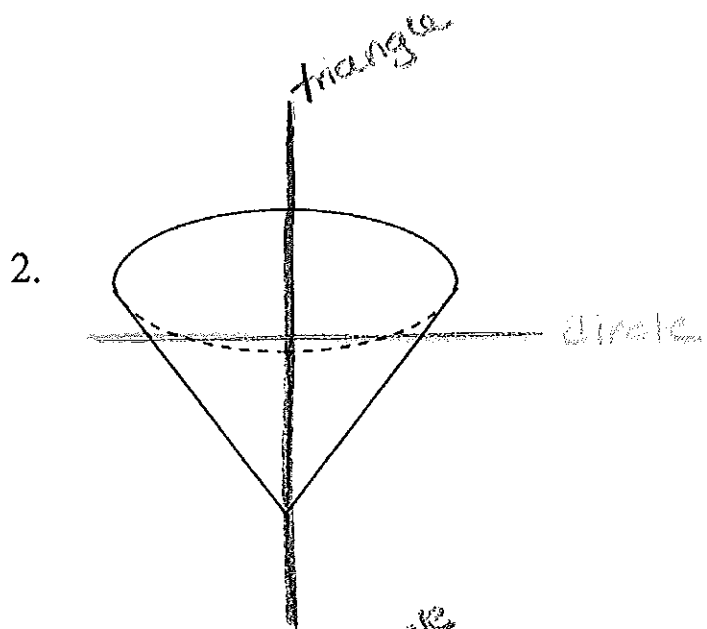
$24 \times 2 = 48$

Height

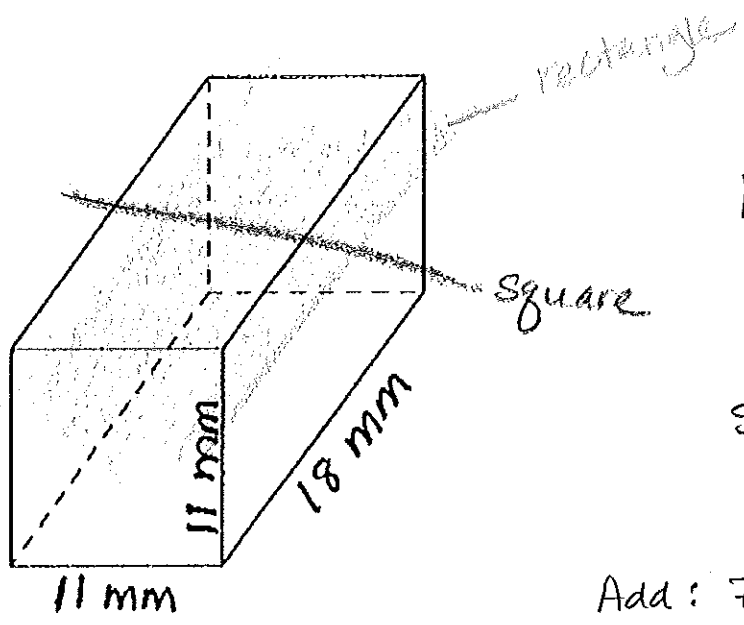
12

$48 \times 12 =$

$\boxed{576 \text{ ft}^3}$



5.



SA = 4 \square 's
2 \square 's

Rect = $b \times h$
 $(18 \times 11) = 198$
 4 of them
 $198 \times 4 = \underline{792 \text{ mm}^2}$

Square = $b \times h$
 $(11 \times 11) = 121$
 2 of them = $\underline{242 \text{ mm}^2}$

Add: $792 + 242 = \boxed{1034 \text{ mm}^2}$

Volume = $l \times w \times h$
 $(11)(11)(18) = \boxed{2178 \text{ mm}^3}$

6.

